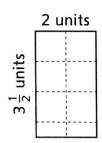
Strategies for Finding Area

Here are two strategies you can use to find the area of a rectangle.

221, 224-225

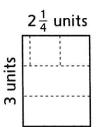
Divide the rectangle into unit squares. Count the squares and partial squares.



6 whole squares plus 2 partial squares that are each $\frac{1}{2}$ square makes 7 squares in all.

Area = 7 square units

Think about using copies of a row or column to fill up the rectangle.

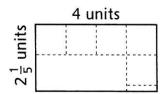


There are $2\frac{1}{4}$ squares in each row and 3 rows. $2\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{4} = 6\frac{3}{4}$ squares in all.

Area = $6\frac{3}{4}$ square units

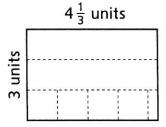
Find the area of each rectangle.

1



Area = _____ square units

2



Area = _____ square units

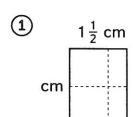
Practice

Solve.

Finding the Area of Rectangles

Find the area of the rectangles below. Write a number sentence for each problem and explain how you found the area.

Home Lin	k 1-3		
NAME		DATE	TIME



Area = _____

Number sentence: _____

Explanation:

(2)		3 cm		
<u> </u>	2 ½ cm			

Area: _____

Number sentence: _____

Explanation:

Practice

Solve.

A farmer has one square mile of land.

1 If he divides his land into square fields that are $\frac{1}{2}$ mile long and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile wide, how many fields will he have?

_____fields

2 If he divides his land into square fields that are $\frac{1}{3}$ mile long and $\frac{1}{3}$ mile wide, how many fields will he have?

_____ fields

If he divides his land into square fields that are $\frac{1}{4}$ mile long and $\frac{1}{4}$ mile wide, how many fields will he have?

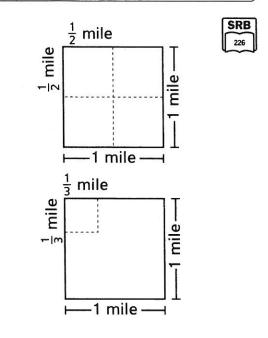
_____ fields

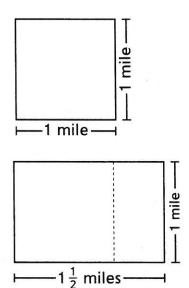
a. Suppose the farmer buys another $\frac{1}{2}$ square mile of land and divides all his land into square fields $\frac{1}{4}$ mile long and $\frac{1}{4}$ mile wide. How many fields will he have?

_____fields

b. What is the total area of his land in square miles?

_____ square miles





(5) a. _____ min = 1 hr

b. 180 min = _____ hr

- **6 a.** 1,000 g = ____ kg
- **b.** _____ g = 4 kg

Comparing Volumes of Everyday Objects

Home Link 1-5		
NAME	DATE	TIME

Find these (or similar) items in your house:

- a cereal bowl
- a drinking glass

a coffee mug

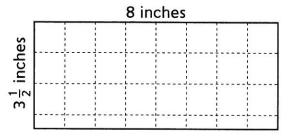


- Which item has the greatest volume? ______
- (2) Which item has the smallest volume? _____
- 3 Explain your answers to Problems 1 and 2.

Practice

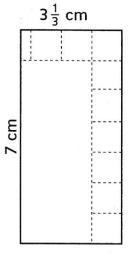
Find the area of each rectangle.

4



Area = _____ square inches

(5)



Area = _____ in. 2

Volume Measurement

Volume is the measure of the amount of space a 3-dimensional object takes up. When we talk about the volume of a container (for example, a vase, a can, a glass, a bowl, a bucket, a box), we are talking about the amount the container can hold.



Only 3-dimensional objects take up space and have volume. Two-dimensional shapes have other attributes that we can measure, such as length and area. But 2-dimensional shapes do not have volume.

(1) Circle each item below that has volume.

a wiggly line drawn on paper

a blue rectangle

a bar of soap

a bucket

a circle

a swimming pool

a baseball

a drawing of a flower pot

an empty crayon box

a cereal box

a drawing of a tree

the kitchen sink

Practice

Solve.

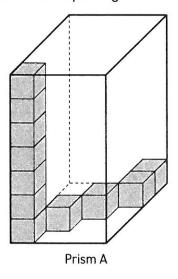
- **3** (30 + 40) * 5 = _____
- **(4)** 30 + (40 * 5) = _____
- **(5)** (694 95) + (2 + 3) = _____
- **6**) _____ = 15 (12 + 6 3)

More Cube-Stacking Problems

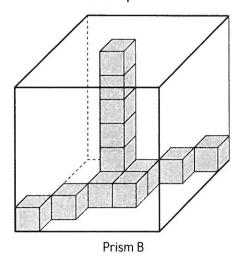
The cubes in each rectangular prism are the same size. Each prism has at least one stack of cubes that goes up to the top. Find the total number of cubes needed to completely fill each prism. Then find the volume of each prism.



1



2



Cubes needed to fill Prism A:

_____cubes

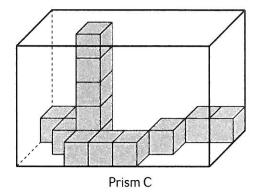
Volume of Prism A: _____ units³

Cubes needed to fill Prism B:

____cubes

Volume of Prism B: _____ cubic units

3



Practice

Solve.

$$(6) \quad \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = (68 - 58) * (8 + 8 + 8)$$

$$(7)$$
 $(15 - 10) + (4 * 5) = ____ + 5$

Cubes needed to fill Prism C:

____cubes

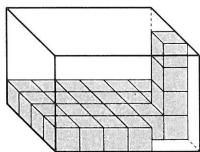
Volume of Prism C: _____ cubic units

A fifth-grade class raised money to buy math tools to send to other schools. Tom, Ed, and Anu are in charge of packing unit cubes. They want each student to receive a box with at least 100 unit cubes.



Tom, Ed, and Anu started packing the boxes. They wonder if each box is big enough to hold at least 100 cubes.

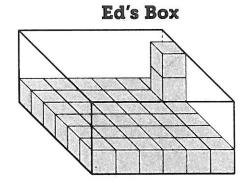




1 a. How many cubes can Tom's box hold?

____cubes

b. Is Tom's box big enough? _____

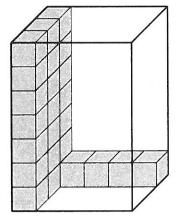


2 a. How many cubes can Ed's box hold?

____cubes

b. Is Ed's box big enough? _____

Anu's Box



3 a. How many cubes can Anu's box hold?

____cubes

b. Is Anu's box big enough? _____

Practice

Insert parentheses to make each equation true.

$$\boxed{4} \quad 14 + 2 = 6 + 2 * 3 + 2$$

$$(5) \quad 16 - 5 * 4 = 22 * 2$$

(6)
$$16 \times 10 = 100 + 220 \div 2$$

$$(7)$$
 3 * 56 - 4 = 128 + 28

Comparing Volumes

Today you learned two different formulas to find the volume of a rectangular prism:

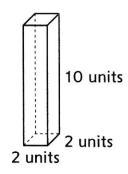
SRB 233

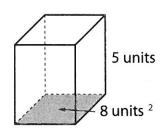
$$V = I \times w \times h$$
 (volume = length × width × height)

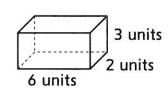
$$V = B \times h$$
 (volume = area of the base \times height)

Use the formulas to find the volume of each prism. Be sure to include a unit. Cross out the prism in each set that has a volume different than the other prisms.

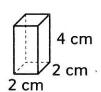
(1) Set 1

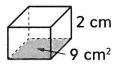


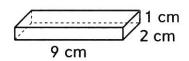




(2) Set 2



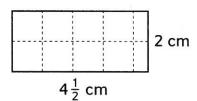




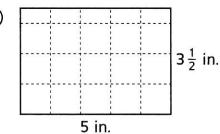
Practice

Find the area of each rectangle.

3



4



Comparing Volume Units

Home Link 1-10		
NAME	DATE	TIME

Circle the volume unit that is larger.

- (1) cubic centimeters
- cubic meters
- 2 cubic millimeters
- cubic inches
- (3) cubic miles
- cubic decimeters
- (4) cubic meters
- cubic feet
- (5) Explain how you knew which volume unit was larger in Problems 1–4.

$\overline{}$	Ū		

Find an object around your home that you might measure with the given unit.

- 6 cubic inches
- 7 cubic meters
- (8) cubic feet

Practice

Find the volume of a rectangular prism with the given dimensions.

9 length = 8 meters

width
$$= 2$$
 meters

(10)

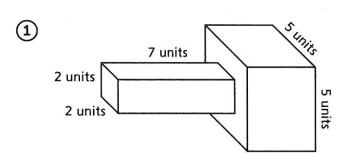
area of the base =
$$25$$
 inches²

$$height = 4 inches$$

Finding Volumes

Find the volume of each figure below. Then name at least one real-world object that the figure could model. For example, the figure in Problem 1 could model a flashlight.

4 units

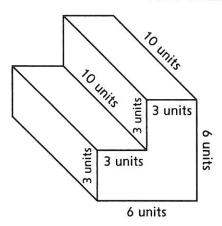


This figure could model ...

a flashlight

Volume = ____ cubic units

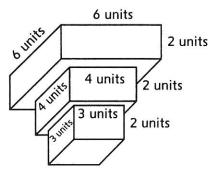




This figure could model ...

Volume = ____ cubic units

3



This figure could model ...

Volume = ____ cubic units

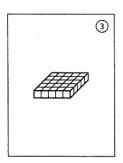
Playing *Prism*Pile-Up

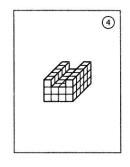
Three rounds of Prism Pile-Up are shown below. For each round:



- Find the volume of each figure.
- Circle the winning card (the card with the figure that has a greater volume).
- Write one or more number sentences for the winning card.

Round 1

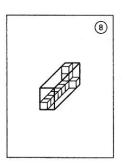


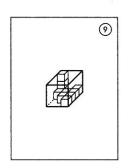


$$V = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} cm^3$$

$$V =$$
____ cm³

Round 2



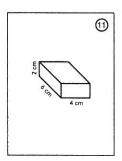


V =____ cm³

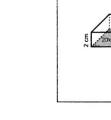
$$V =$$
_____ cm³

(15)

Round 3



V =____ cm³



$$V =$$
_____ cm³

Number sentence(s):