

# Sharing Equally

## Home Link 3-1

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

Use drawings to help you solve the problems. Solve each problem in more than one way. Show your work.



- ① Four friends shared 5 pizzas equally. How much pizza did each friend get?

\_\_\_\_\_ pizzas

One way:

Another way:

- ② Five kittens are sharing 6 cups of milk equally. How much milk does each kitten get?

\_\_\_\_\_ cups of milk

One way:

Another way:

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## Practice

- ③ Name the next 4 multiples of 7. 7, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
- ④ List all the factors of 18. \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑤ List all the factors of 18 that are prime. \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑥ List all the factor pairs of 40.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ ;

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

# Fraction Circles

## Home Link 3-2

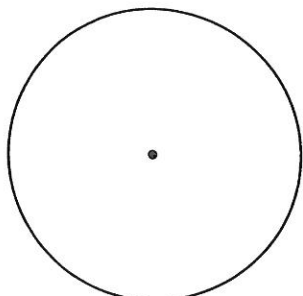
NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

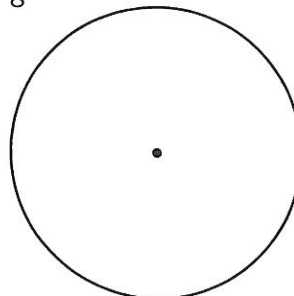
TIME \_\_\_\_\_



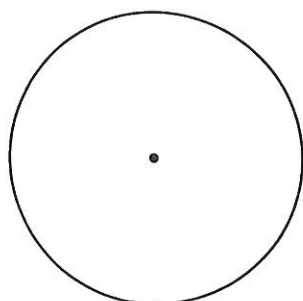
- ① Divide into 4 equal parts. Shade  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



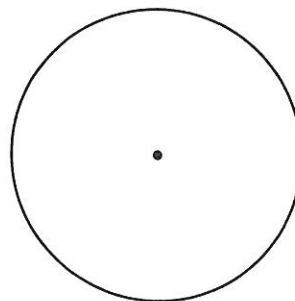
- ② Divide into 8 equal parts. Shade  $\frac{2}{8}$ .



- ③ Divide into 12 equal parts. Shade  $\frac{3}{12}$ .



- ④ Create your own. Divide into equal parts and shade a portion. Record the amount you shaded.



- ⑤ What patterns do you notice in Problems 1 through 3?

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## Practice

- ⑥ List the next 4 multiples of 5. 20, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑦ List all the factors of 48. \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑧ List the factors of 48 that are composite. \_\_\_\_\_

# Finding Equivalent Fractions

## Home Link 3-3

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

Use the number lines to help you answer the following questions.



① Fill in the blank with = or  $\neq$ .

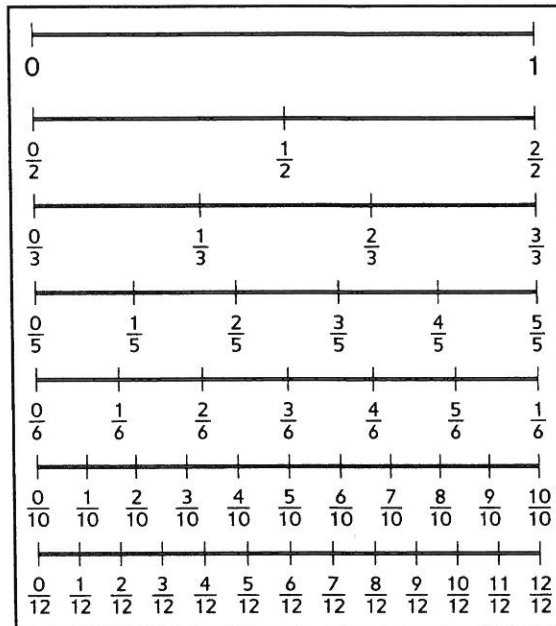
a.  $\frac{2}{3}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{1}{3}$

b.  $\frac{2}{6}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{1}{3}$

c.  $\frac{2}{6}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{2}{5}$

d.  $\frac{1}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{2}{10}$

e.  $\frac{2}{12}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{1}{6}$



② Fill in the missing numbers.

a.  $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{\square}{10}$

b.  $\frac{4}{12} = \frac{\square}{3}$

c.  $\frac{5}{10} = \frac{\square}{2}$

d.  $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{\square}{12}$

e.  $\frac{4}{6} = \frac{\square}{3}$

③ Circle the number sentences that are NOT true.

a.  $\frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$

b.  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$

c.  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{5}$

d.  $\frac{7}{10} = \frac{4}{6}$

e.  $\frac{9}{10} = \frac{11}{12}$

## Practice

Solve using U.S. traditional addition or subtraction.

④ \_\_\_\_\_ =  $989 + 657$

⑤  $3,314 + 4,719 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑥  $5,887 - 3,598 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑦ \_\_\_\_\_ =  $2,004 - 1,716$

# Finding Equivalent Fractions

## Home Link 3-4

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

**Family Note** Today students learned about an **Equivalent Fractions Rule**, which can be used to rename any fraction as an equivalent fraction. The rule for multiplication states that if the numerator and denominator are multiplied by the same nonzero number, the result is a fraction that is equivalent to the original fraction.

For example, the fraction  $\frac{1}{2}$  can be renamed as an infinite number of equivalent fractions. When you multiply the numerator 1 by 5, the result is 5. When you multiply the denominator 2 by 5, the result is 10.

$$\frac{1 \times 5}{2 \times 5} = \frac{5}{10}$$

This results in the number sentence  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$ . If you multiplied both the numerator and denominator in  $\frac{1}{2}$  by 3, the result would be  $\frac{3}{6}$ , which is also equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Fill in the boxes to complete the equivalent fractions.



**Example:**  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{\boxed{6}}$

①  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}$

②  $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}$

③  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}$

④  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}$

⑤  $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}{10}$

⑥  $\frac{2}{5} = \frac{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}{10}$

⑦  $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}$

⑧  $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{10}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}}$

⑨  $\frac{2}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}} = \frac{6}{9}$

⑩  $\frac{4}{\boxed{\phantom{00}}} = \frac{8}{12}$

⑪ Name 3 equivalent fractions for  $\frac{1}{2}$ . \_\_\_\_\_

## Practice

⑫ List all the factors of 56. \_\_\_\_\_

⑬ Write the factor pairs for 30.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

⑭ Is 30 prime or composite? \_\_\_\_\_

# Sharing Veggie Pizza

## Home Link 3-5

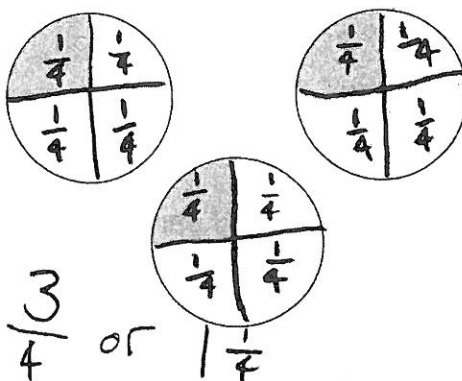
NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_



- ① Karen and her 3 friends want to share 3 small veggie pizzas equally. Karen tried to figure out how much pizza each of the 4 children would get. She drew this picture and wrote two answers.



- a. Which of Karen's answers is correct? \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. Draw on Karen's diagram to make it clear how the pizza should be distributed among the 4 children.
- ② Erin and her 7 friends want to share 6 small veggie pizzas equally. How much pizza will each of the 8 children get? \_\_\_\_\_
- ③ Who will get more pizza, Karen or Erin? \_\_\_\_\_  
Explain or show how you know.

## Practice

- ④ List all the factors of 50. \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑤ Is 50 prime or composite? \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑥ Write the factor pairs for 75.  
\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

# Solving Fraction Comparison Number Stories

Home Link 3-6

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

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TIME \_\_\_\_\_



Solve the problems below.

- ① Tenisha and Christa were each reading the same book. Tenisha said she was  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the way done with it, and Christa said she was  $\frac{6}{8}$  of the way finished.

Who has read more, or have they read the same amount? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you know? \_\_\_\_\_

- ② Heather and Jerry each bought an ice cream bar. Although the bars were the same size, they were different flavors. Heather ate  $\frac{5}{8}$  of her ice cream bar, and Jerry ate  $\frac{5}{10}$  of his.

Who ate more, or did they eat the same amount? \_\_\_\_\_

Write a number sentence to show this. \_\_\_\_\_

- ③ Howard's baseball team won  $\frac{7}{10}$  of its games. Jermaine's team won  $\frac{2}{5}$  of its games. They both played the same number of games.

Whose team won more games, or did they win the same amount? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you know? \_\_\_\_\_

- ④ Write your own fraction number story. Ask someone at home to solve it.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Practice

Write T for true or F for false.

⑤  $1,286 + 2,286 = 3,752$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑥  $9,907 - 9,709 = 200$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑦  $2,641 + 4,359 = 2,359 + 4,641$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑧  $2,345 - 198 = 2,969 - 822$  \_\_\_\_\_

# Comparing and Ordering Fractions

## Home Link 3-7

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_



Write the fractions from smallest to largest, and then justify your conclusions by placing the numbers in the correct places on the number lines.

①  $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{2}{6}, \frac{4}{6}$

smallest

largest



②  $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{9}{10}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{12}$

smallest

largest



③  $\frac{7}{12}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{10}, \frac{1}{6}$

smallest

largest



## Practice

④ \_\_\_\_\_ =  $5,494 + 3,769$

⑤  $5,853 + 4,268 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑥ \_\_\_\_\_ =  $8,210 - 6,654$

⑦  $7,235 - 5,906 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

# Names for Fractions and Decimals

Home Link 3-8

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

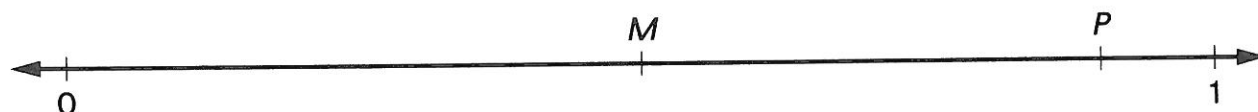
TIME \_\_\_\_\_



- ① Fill in the blanks in the table below.

Number in Words	Fraction	Decimal
one-tenth		
four-tenths		
	$\frac{8}{10}$	
		0.9
	$\frac{2}{10}$	
seven-tenths		

- ② Name two ways you might see decimals used outside of school.



- ③ What decimal is represented by the tick mark labeled M? \_\_\_\_\_
- ④ What fraction is represented by the tick mark labeled M? \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑤ What decimal is represented by the tick mark labeled P? \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑥ What fraction is represented by the tick mark labeled P? \_\_\_\_\_

## Practice

- ⑦ List all the factors of 100. \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑧ List the factors of 100 that are prime. \_\_\_\_\_
- ⑨ Write the factor pairs for 42.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_      \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_      \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_



# Representing Fractions and Decimals

Home Link 3-9

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

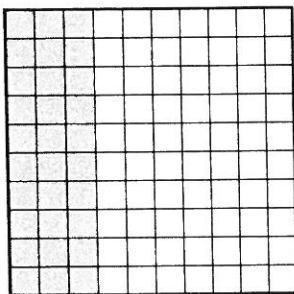
TIME \_\_\_\_\_



If the grid is the whole, then what part of each grid is shaded?

Write a fraction and a decimal below each grid.

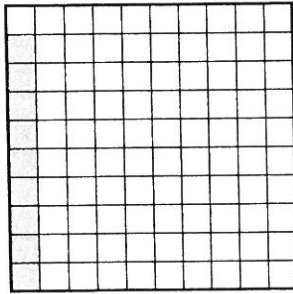
①



fraction: \_\_\_\_\_

decimal: \_\_\_\_\_

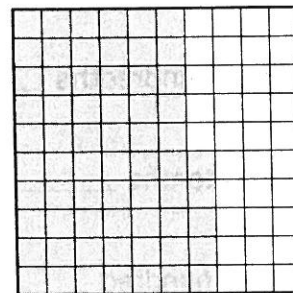
②



fraction: \_\_\_\_\_

decimal: \_\_\_\_\_

③

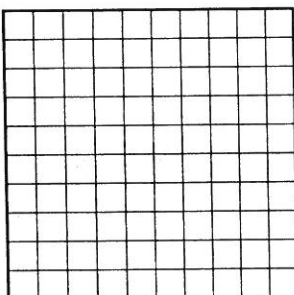


fraction: \_\_\_\_\_

decimal: \_\_\_\_\_

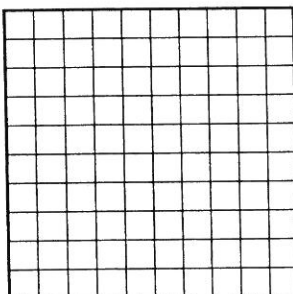
④

Color 0.8 of the grid.



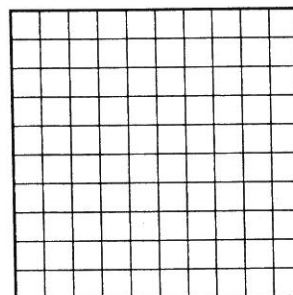
⑤

Color 0.04 of the grid.



⑥

Color 0.53 of the grid.



## Practice

⑦ The numbers 81, 27, and 45 are all multiples of 1, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

⑧ List the first ten multiples of 6.

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,  
\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

# Tenths and Hundredths

## Home Link 3-10

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

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TIME \_\_\_\_\_

**Family Note** Your child continues to work with decimals. Encourage him or her to think about ways to write money amounts. This is called dollars-and-cents notation. For example, \$0.07 (7 cents), \$0.09 (9 cents), and so on.

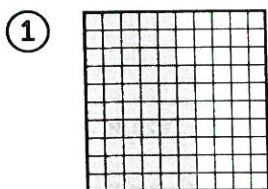
Write the decimal numbers that represent the shaded part in each diagram.

Whole

grid

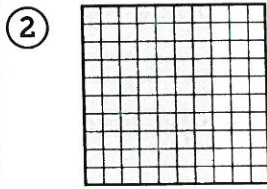
SRB

149-150



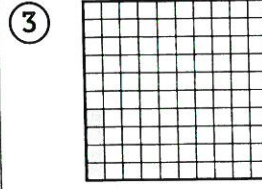
\_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

\_\_\_\_\_ tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths



\_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

\_\_\_\_\_ tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths



\_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

\_\_\_\_\_ tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

Write the words as decimal numbers.

④ twenty-three hundredths

\_\_\_\_\_

⑤ eight and four-tenths

\_\_\_\_\_

⑥ thirty and twenty-hundredths

\_\_\_\_\_

⑦ five-hundredths

\_\_\_\_\_

Continue each pattern.

⑧ 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

⑨ 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

## Practice

⑩ Round 7,604 to the nearest thousand. \_\_\_\_\_

⑪ Round 46,099 to the nearest thousand. \_\_\_\_\_

⑫ Round 8,500,976 three ways: nearest thousand, hundred-thousand, and million.

\_\_\_\_\_

# Practice with Decimals

## Home Link 3-11

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

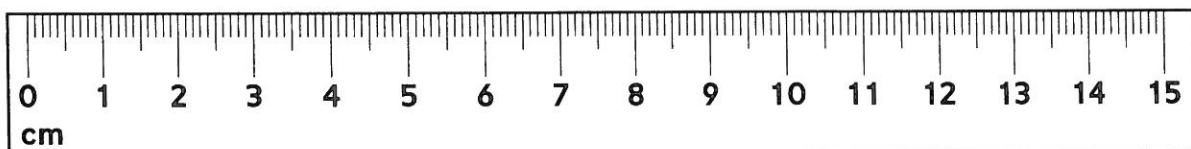
Fill in the missing numbers.



Follow these directions on the ruler below.



- ③ Make a dot at 7 cm and label it with the letter A.
- ④ Make a dot at 90 mm and label it with the letter B.
- ⑤ Make a dot at 0.13 m and label it with the letter C.
- ⑥ Make a dot at 0.06 m and label it with the letter D.



- ⑦ Write  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$ .

a.  $1.2$  \_\_\_\_  $0.12$

b.  $0.3$  \_\_\_\_  $0.38$

c.  $0.80$  \_\_\_\_  $0.08$

- ⑧ Complete.

$1 \text{ cm} = 10 \text{ mm}$

$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$

cm	m
100	1
	5
1,000	
6,000	

cm	m
1	0.01
	0.03
	0.06
40	

## Practice

⑨  $6,366 + 7,565 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑩  $3,238 + 29,784 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑪  $9,325 - 7,756 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑫  $14,805 - 2,927 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

# Measuring Centimeters and Millimeters

## Home Link 3-12

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_



- ① Find 6 objects in your home to measure. Use the ruler from the bottom of the page to measure them, first in centimeters and then in millimeters. Record your objects and their measurements.

Example: crayon 3.5 cm 35 mm

Object

\_\_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_\_ mm  
 \_\_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_\_ mm  
 \_\_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_\_ mm

Object

\_\_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_\_ mm  
 \_\_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_\_ mm  
 \_\_\_\_\_ cm \_\_\_\_\_ mm

Fill in the tables.

②

cm	mm
1	
15	
3.7	
49.6	
0.8	

③

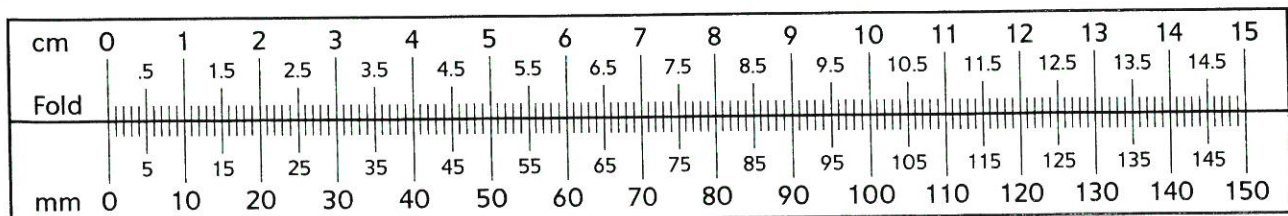
cm	m
	1
180	
	23.6
	5.72
	0.65

## Practice

- ④ List the factors for 63. \_\_\_\_\_

- ⑤ Write the factor pairs for 60.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_      \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_      \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_      \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_      \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_



# Comparing Decimals

## Home Link 3-13

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TIME \_\_\_\_\_

**Family Note** Ask your child to read the decimal numerals aloud. Encourage your child to use the following method:

1. Read the whole-number part.
2. Say *and* for the decimal point.
3. Read the digits after the decimal point as though they form their own number.
4. Say *tenths* or *hundredths*, depending on the placement of the right-hand digit.

Encourage your child to exaggerate the *-ths* sound. For example, 2.37 is read as "two and thirty-seven hundredths."

Write  $>$ ,  $<$ , or  $=$ .



①  $2.35 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 2.57$

②  $1.08 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 1.8$

③  $0.64 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.46$

④  $0.90 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.9$

⑤  $42.1 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 42.09$

⑥  $7.09 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 7.54$

⑦  $0.4 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.40$

⑧  $0.26 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.21$

$>$  means is  
greater than

$<$  means is  
less than

**Example:** The 4 in 0.47 stands for 4 tenths or 0.4.

⑨ The 9 in 4.59 stands for 9 \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

⑩ The 3 in 3.62 stands for 3 \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

Continue each number pattern.

⑪ 6.56, 6.57, 6.58, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

⑫ 0.73, 0.83, 0.93, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

Write the number that is 0.1 more.

Write the number that is 0.1 less.

⑬ 4.3 \_\_\_\_\_

⑭ 4.07 \_\_\_\_\_

⑮ 8.2 \_\_\_\_\_

⑯ 5.63 \_\_\_\_\_

## Practice

⑰  $43,589 + 12,641 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑱  $63,274 + 97,047 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑲  $41,805 - 26,426 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

⑳  $82,004 - 11,534 =$  \_\_\_\_\_